

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO)1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/660,288 09/11/2003		09/11/2003	Michael Zung	6771USP4	5342
57360	7590	7590 08/24/2006		EXAMINER	
WORKMAN NYDEGGER				ANDERSEN, MICHAEL T	
1000 EAGLE GATE TOWER, 60 EAST SOUTH TEMPLE				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111				3734	
				DATE MAILED: 08/24/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgement is made of the RCE filed 6/27/2006.

Response to Amendments

All previous rejections have been rescinded. However, new rejections have been made in light of new art and in combination with the art of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 12-16 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoon, U.S. Patent No. 5,957,937. Yoon discloses a suturing device comprising a housing 1080; a shaft 1096 extending distally from a distal end of the housing (when the housing is closed by the shaft or sleeve 1096; See col. 7, lines 25-47); a needle 156 (fig. 7) movable within the shaft and with respect to the housing, the needle being attached to a length of suture (See Abstract); and a suture cutting blade 1186 positioned on the housing such that when the needle is withdrawn from the device, the suture can be drawn across the blade to sever the suture.

Fig. 13 shows that the blade is positioned near the distal end of the housing; and also mounted on the inner surface.

Yoon's device is capable of the state wherein the needle and the suture are withdrawn from the proximal end of the housing.

The needle has a distal end and the suture is attached to the distal end of the needle. See col. 14, lines 41-46.

Yoon also discloses what can be considered a needle actuation handle that is movable through the proximal end of the housing 1080; a needle 156 (fig. 7) extending from the needle actuation handle, through the housing and further through the shaft; and a suture carried by the device, wherein a portion of the suture is positioned near the distal end region of the shaft such that the needle pulls the suture proximally to position the suture through tissue (See figures 7 and 12).

Figure 7 shows that the needle pulls the suture through the proximal end of the housing when suturing through tissue takes place.

The housing 1080 defines an opening near the distal end, and the blade is positioned in the opening (See fig. 13).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-7, 9-10, 17-18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoon, as applied to claims 1 and 12 above, in view of Ogburn, RE 22,857.

Yoon discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for various locations of the suture-cutting blade. However, *In re Japikse* held that claims that read on the

Art Unit: 3734

prior art except with regard to the position of a claimed element were held unpatentable if shifting the position of the claimed element would not have modified the operation of the device. 181 F.2d 1019; 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950). Simple relocation of the suture-cutting blade does not modify the operation of the claimed device, but merely relocates the location of drawing the suture across the blade.

Furthermore, Ogburn discloses that it is old and well known in the art to use a stationary suture cutting blade on the housing of a medical suturing device for the purpose of severing the suture after it has been applied to the wound (col. 1, lines 29-32; col. 2, lines 11-13; and col. 4, lines 3-10; See also figs. 1-3 and 11-13, reference numerals 51-54). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a stationary suture cutting blade near the proximal end of the housing, on an outside of the housing, on a finger grip on the housing, or on a movable handle of the device of Yoon, in order to gain the advantage of being able to sever the suture after it has been applied to the wound, as taught by Ogburn.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Thomas Andersen whose telephone number is (571) 272-8024. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM-4:30PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Hayes can be reached on (571) 272-4959. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/660,288 Page 5

Art Unit: 3734

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Thomas Andersen

August 14, 2006

MICHAEL J. HAYES SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

MJ Hayer